

GD01NS

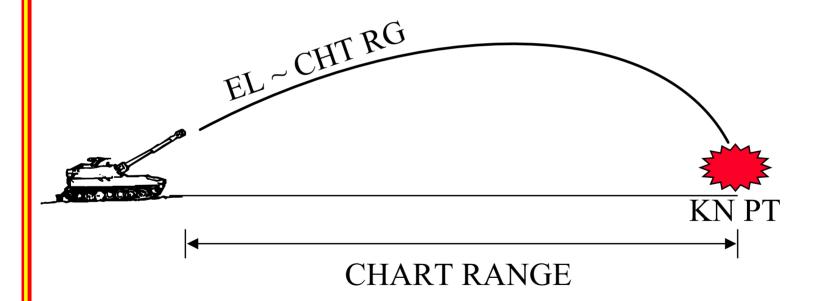
PRINCIPLES OF REGISTRATION

GUNNERY DEPARTMENT FIVE REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCURATE PREDICTED FIRE **ACCURATE MET INFO ACCURATE TARGET ACCURATE ACCURATE LOCATION AND WPN & AMMO BATTERY** SIZE **INFO LOCATION ACCURATE COMPUTATIONAL PROCEDURES**



EFFECTS OF NON-STANDARD CONDITIONS

STANDARD CONDITIONS

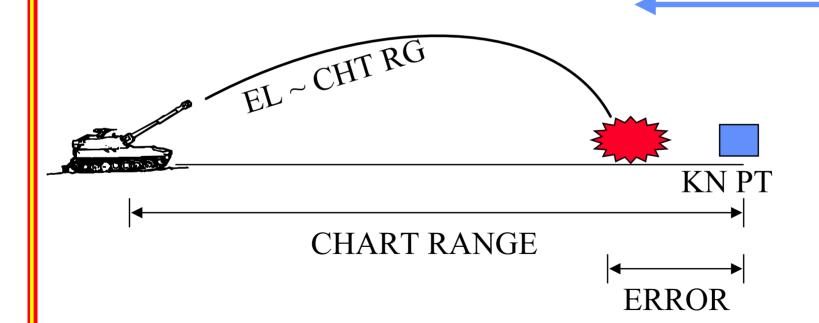




EFFECTS OF NON-STANDARD CONDITIONS

NON-STANDARD CONDITIONS

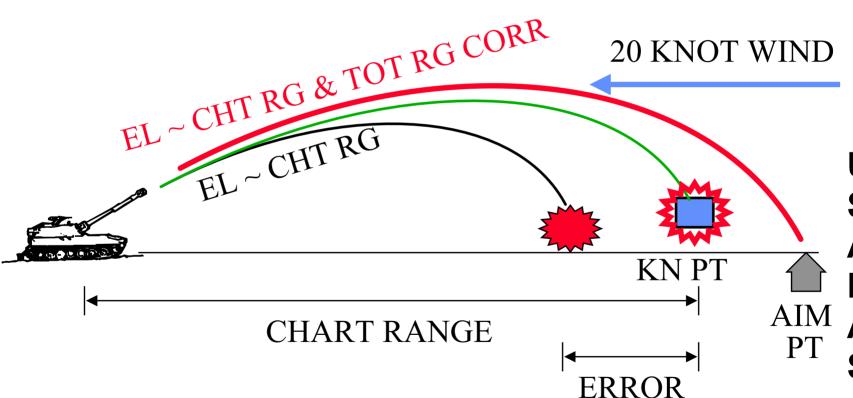
20 KNOT WIND





EFFECTS OF NON-STANDARD CONDITIONS

NON-STANDARD CONDITIONS





ERRORS

HUMAN ERRORS

CONSTANT ERRORS

INHERENT ERRORS



HUMAN ERRORS

- MISTAKES IN READING/SETTING UP DATA
- INACCURATE RANGE OR DIRECTION
- CARELESSNESS IN BORESIGHTING & LAYING



CONSTANT ERRORS

- DRIFT
- ROTATION OF THE EARTH
- WEIGHT OF THE PROJECTILE
- PROPELLANT TEMPERATURE
- DIFFERENCE IN ALTITUDE
- ATMOSPHERE DIFFERING FROM STANDARD (WEATHER)



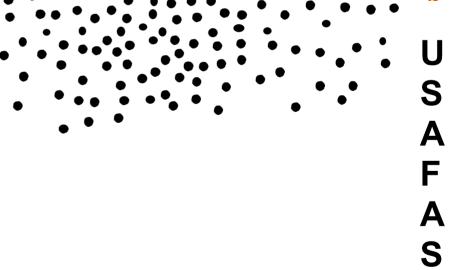
INHERENT ERRORS

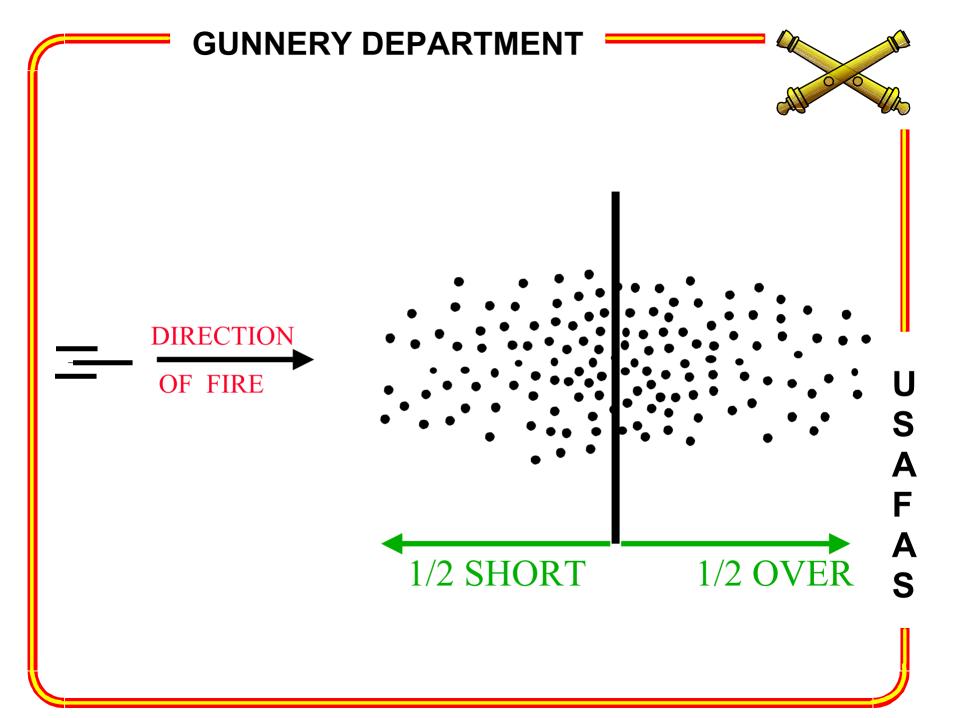
- CONDITIONS IN THE BORE
- CONDITIONS IN THE CARRIAGE
- CONDITIONS DURING FLIGHT

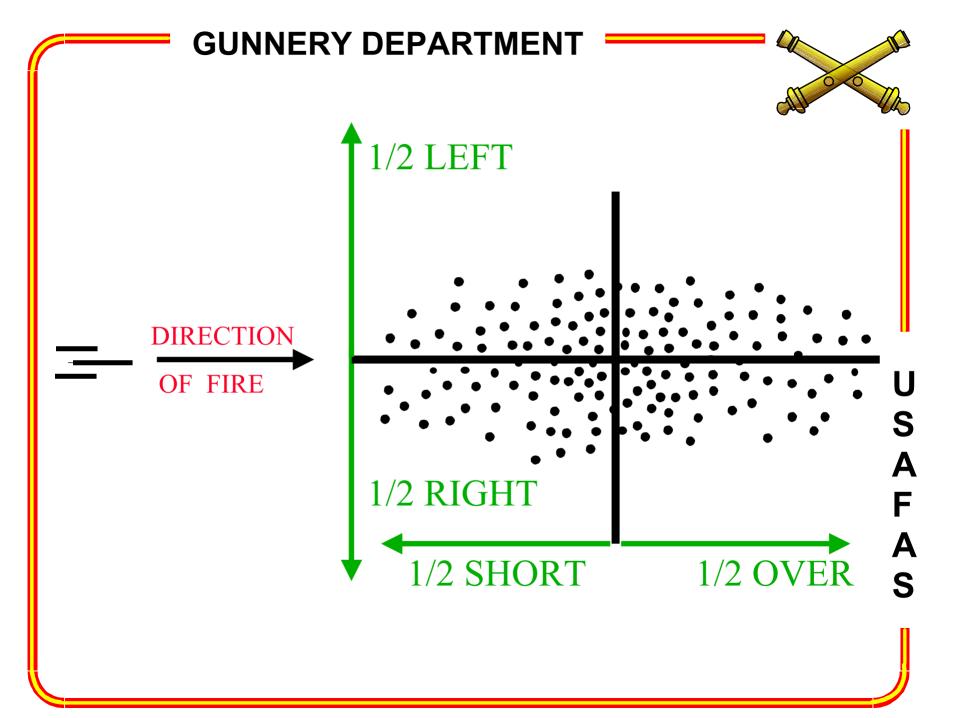


DIRECTION

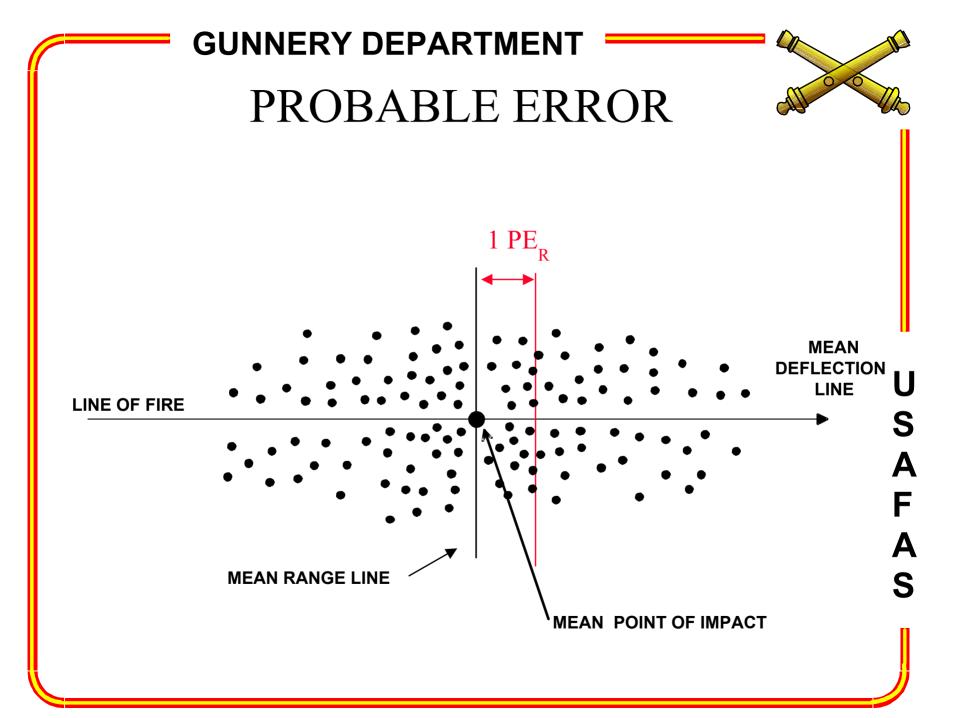
OF FIRE

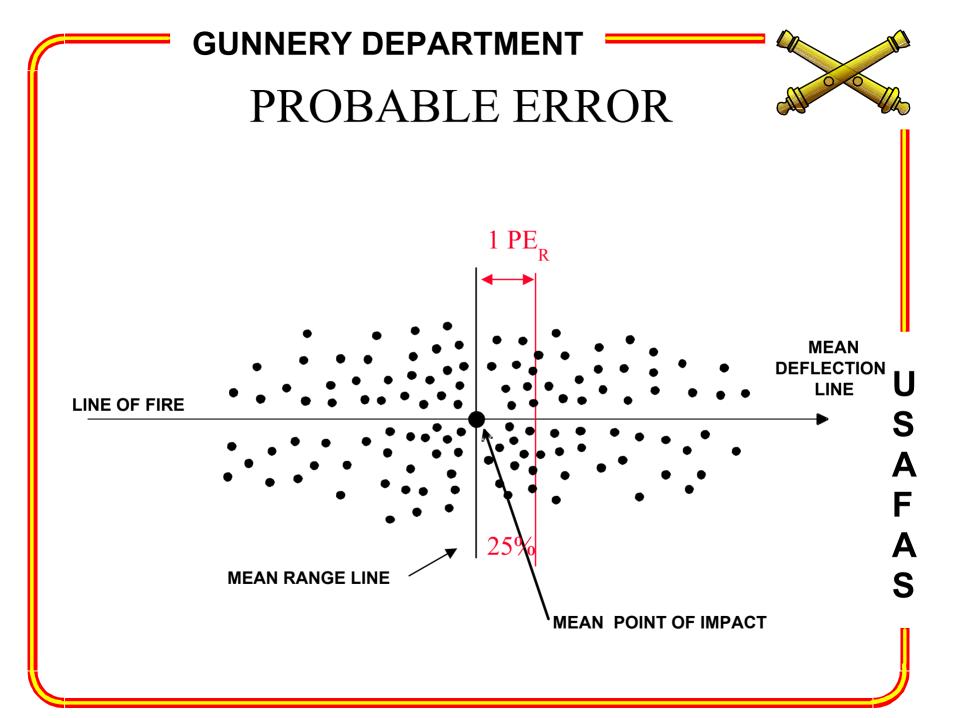






GUNNERY DEPARTMENT PROBABLE ERROR **MEAN DEFLECTION** LINE **LINE OF FIRE MEAN RANGE LINE MEAN POINT OF IMPACT**



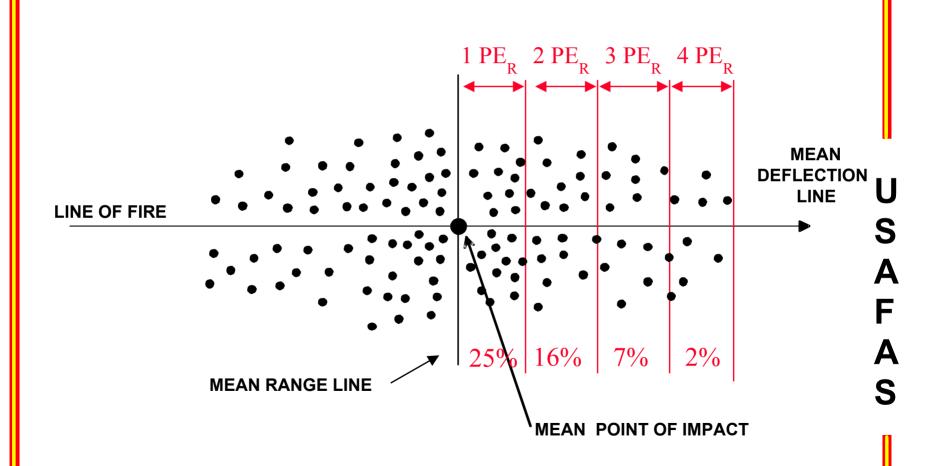


GUNNERY DEPARTMENT PROBABLE ERROR 1 PE_R 2 PE_R **MEAN DEFLECTION** LINE **LINE OF FIRE** 16% **MEAN RANGE LINE MEAN POINT OF IMPACT**

GUNNERY DEPARTMENT PROBABLE ERROR $1 \text{ PE}_{R} 2 \text{ PE}_{R} 3 \text{ PE}_{R}$ **MEAN DEFLECTION** LINE **LINE OF FIRE** 25% | 16% **MEAN RANGE LINE MEAN POINT OF IMPACT**

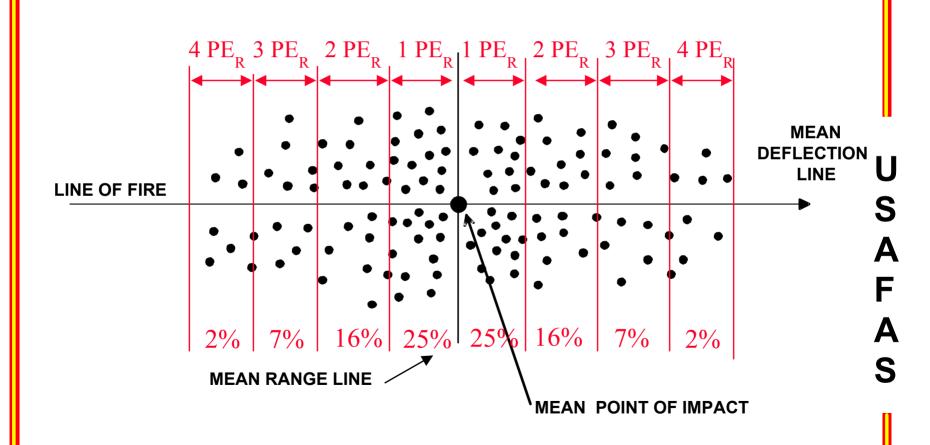
PROBABLE ERROR





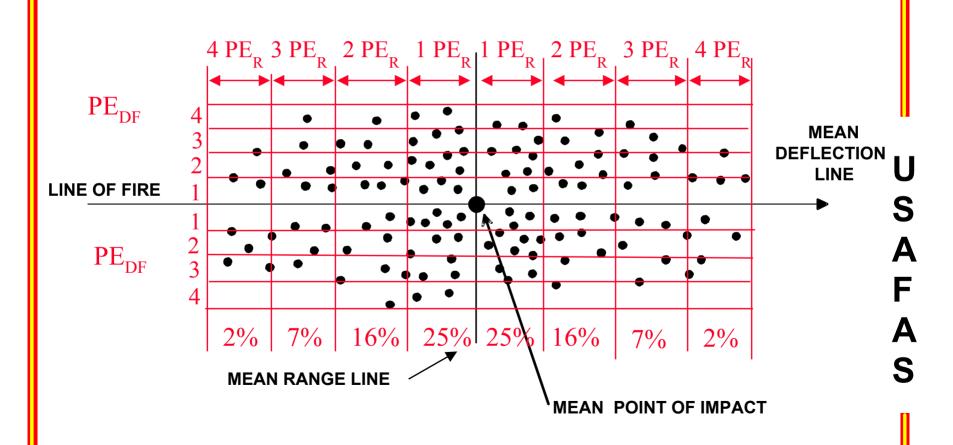
PROBABLE ERROR

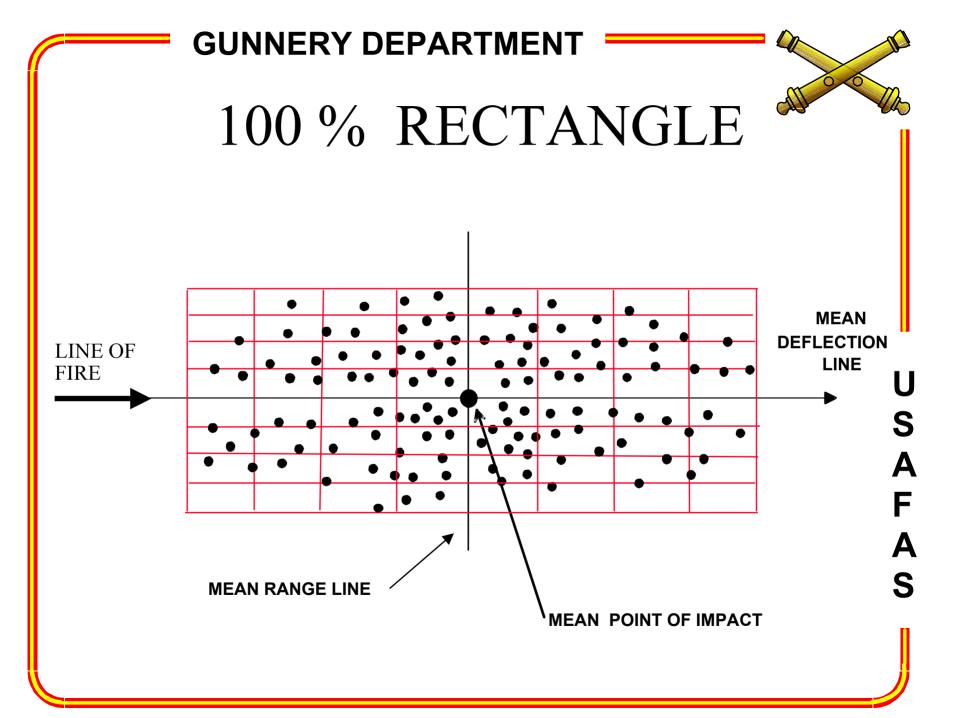




PROBABLE ERROR









100 % RECTANGLE

.0004 .0 .0014 .0 .0032 .0 .0050 .0 .0050 .0 .0032 .0 .0032 .0	.00	07 014 049 112 175 175 112 049	.16 .0032 .0112 .0256 .0400 .0400 .0256 .0112	.25 .0050 .0175 .0400 .0625 .0625 .0400 .0175	.25 .0050 .0175 .0400 .0625 .0625 .0400 .0175	.16 .0032 .0112 .0256 .0400 .0400 .0256 .0112	.07 .0014 .0049 .0112 .0175 .0175 .0112 .0049	.02 .0004 .0014 .0032 .0050 .0050 .0032 .0014	LINE OF FIRE	
.02	.0004	.0014	.0032	.0050	.0050	.0032	.0014	.0004		

ASSURANCE OF REGISTRATION VALIDITY

NUMBER OF ROUNDS FIRED	1	2	3	4	5	6
WITHIN 1 PROBABLE ERROR	50%	66%	76%	82%	87%	90%
WITHIN 2 PROBABLE ERRORS	82%	94%	98%	99%	99%	99%



5 STEPS TO IMPROVED FIRING DATA

- 1 CAUSE RDS TO BURST AT POINT OF KNOWN LOCATION
- 2 DETERMINE SHD AND DHD
- 3 DETERMINE TOTAL CORRECTIONS
- **4 ISOLATE POSITION CONSTANTS**
- **5 UPDATE TOTAL CORRECTIONS**



5 STEPS TO IMPROVED FIRING DATA

1. CAUSE RDS TO BURST AT POINT OF KNOWN LOCATION

OBSERVERS DUTY. MUST ACHIEVE OBJECTIVE FOR PRECISION REGISTRATION OR OBSERVE AND SPOT ROUNDS FOR HIGH BURST/MPI



5 STEPS TO IMPROVED FIRING DATA

2. DETERMINE SHD AND DHD

FDC'S DUTY. BY PROCESSING THE MISSION THE FDC DETERMINES
SHOULD HIT DATA(SHD) AND DID HIT DATA (DHD) TO THE KNOWN POINT



• SHOULD HIT DATA (SHD)
(CHART DATA)

DATA FIRED UNDER STANDARD
CONDITIONS THAT WILL CAUSE THE
ROUND TO BURST AT THE POINT OF
KNOWN LOCATION



• DID HIT DATA (DHD)

(ADJUSTED DATA)

DATA FIRED UNDER NON-STANDARD CONDITIONS THAT WILL CAUSE THE ROUND TO BURST AT THE POINT OF KNOWN LOCATION



MET CORRECTIONS- (MET)

ALL NON-STANDARD CONDITIONS
FOR WHICH WE CAN ACCOUNT. IF IT
IS IN THE TFT IT IS A MET
CORRECTION



POSITION CONSTANTS- (POS)

NON-STANDARD CONDITIONS
WHICH ARE DIFFICULT TO
IDENTIFY, RELATIVELY SMALL IN
MAGNITUDE AND REMAIN
RELATIVELY CONSTANT



3. DETERMINE TOTAL CORRECTIONS

TOTAL CORRECTIONS (TOT) ARE THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN DHD AND SHD. ALL TYPES OF REGISTRATIONS YIELD TOTAL CORRECTIONS. DETM GFT SETTING, APPLY TO SUBSEQUENT MISSIONS.

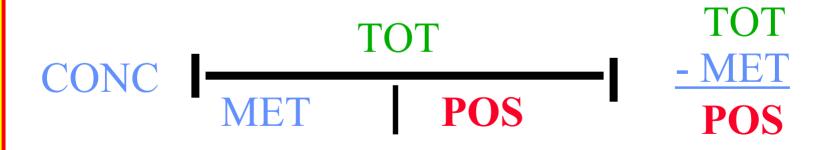
REG MET? POS? - SHD

U S A F A S



4. ISOLATE POSITION CONSTANTS (CONCURRENT MET TECHNIQUE)

QUANTIFY MET CORRECTIONS TRANSFER POSITION CONSTANTS





5. UPDATE TOTAL CORRECTIONS (SUBSEQUENT MET TECHNIQUE)

QUANTIFY NEW MET AND ADD TO POS TO DETERMINE NEW TOT. UPDATE GFT SETTING.

SUBS | NEW MET | POS | NEW MET | POS | NEW TOT

U S A F



MET MESSAGES

USAFAS

GUNNERY DEPARTMENT MET MESSAGES



- OBTAINED FROM ARTILLERY MET SECTION VIA RADIO, TELETYPE, HAND-CARRIED, WIRE
- MET DATA DETERMINED USING TWO METHODS
 - ELECTRONIC RADIOSONDE
 - VISUAL PILOT BALLOON



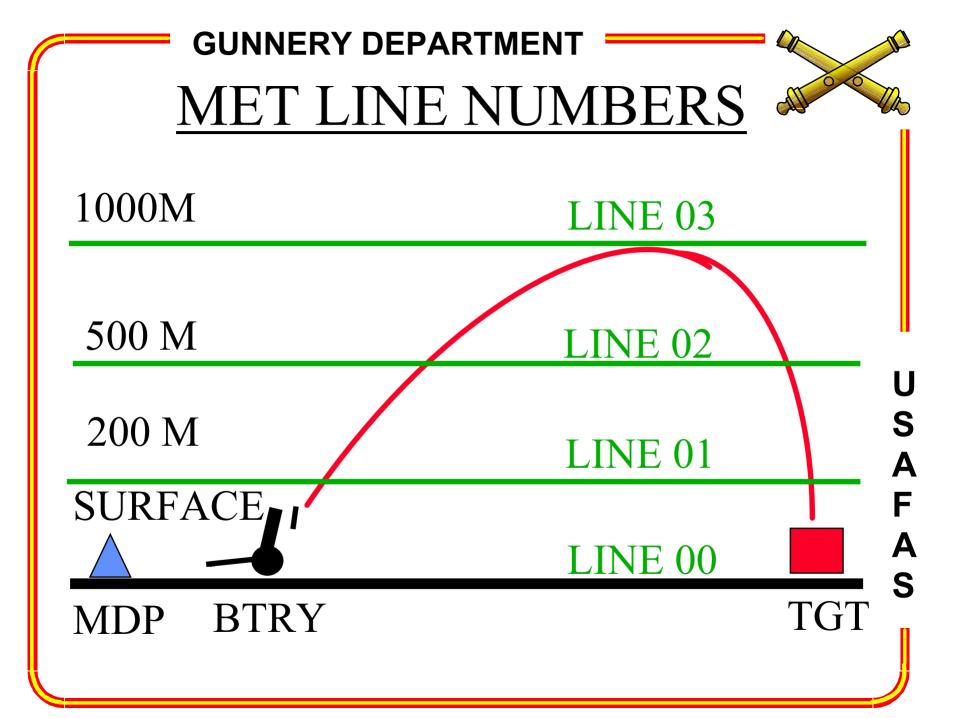
MET MESSAGES

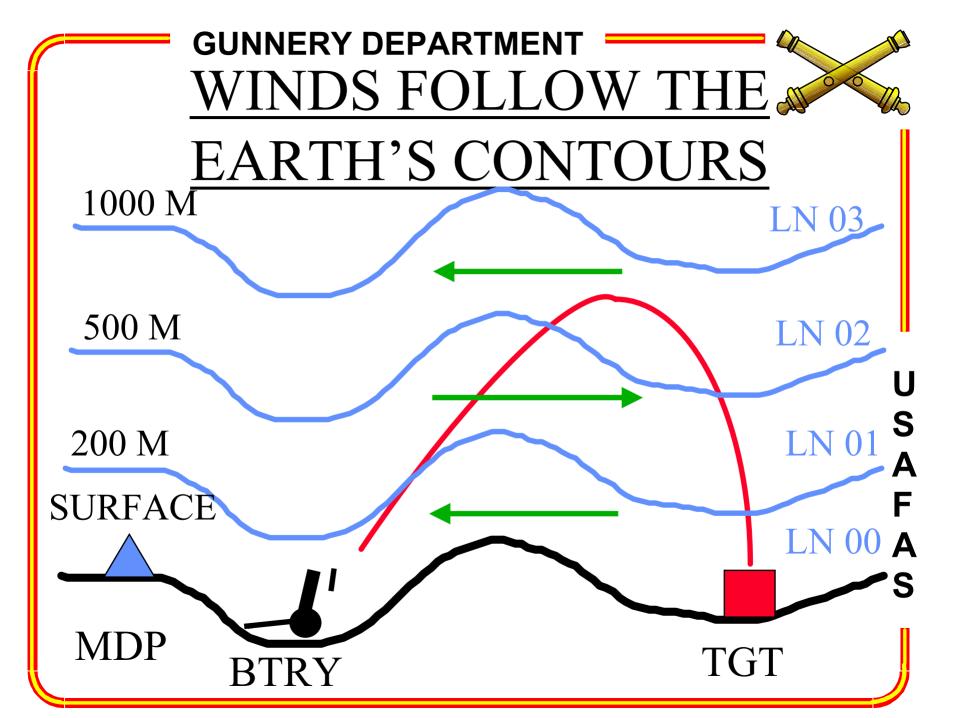
- MET MESSAGE CONTAINS
 INFORMATION ON AIR
 TEMPERATURE, DENSITY, PRESSURE,
 WIND DIRECTION, AND THE WIND
 SPEED.
- MET MESSAGE CONSISTS OF TWO PARTS
 - INTRODUCTION
 - -BODY

BALLISTIC MET



	DALLIST IC WET WIESSAGE For use of this form, see PM 451; the proposent agency in TRADOC.										
IDENTIFI- CATION METB	TYPI MSG K	E OCTANT		L _a L _a or	La LOCATION LoLoLo	DATE	DATE TIME (GMT)		STAT HEIG (10's	ION GHT M) h	MDP PRESSURE % OF STD PPP
METB											
			BALLIS	TIC WINDS		BALLISTIC AIR					
ZONE HEIGHT (METERS)		LINE NUMBER zz			DIRECTION (100's MILS) dd	SF (K	SPEED (KNOTS) FF		URE	DENSITY % OF STD AAA	
SURFACE		00									
200		01									
500)	02									
1000	0 03										
1500)		04								
2000)	05									
3000)	06									
4000)	07									
5000)	08									
6000)	09									
8000		10									
1000	00	11									
12000		12									
1400	14000 1		13								
1600	00	14									
1800	00	15									
REMARKS											
DELIVERED TO: RECEIVED FROM:							TIME (GN	MT)	TIM	E (LST)	
MESSAGE NUMBER					DATE	DATE					
RECORDER					CHECI	CHECKED					
DA FORM 3675							FORM 6-57. 1 MA				





BALLISTIC MET VALIDITY



CHECKS

BALLISTIC MET MESSAGE

			BALLISTIC MET For use of this form, see FM 6-15; t	T MESSAGE the proponent agency is	TRADOC.				
TYPE MSG K	OCTANT	L _a L _a l or xxx	LOCATION LoLoLo or xxx	DATE YY	TIME (GMT) G _o G _o G _o	DURATION (HOURS)	STATION HEIGHT (10's M) hhh	MDP PRESSURE % OF STD PPP	
	:	L.,							
		L	BALLIS	TIC WINDS		BALLISTIC AIR			
	LINE NUMBER zz		DIRECTION (100's MILS) dd	(KN	EED ots) F	TEMPERATURE % OF STD TTT		DENSITY % OF STD A A A	
	00								
	01								
	02								
	03					Ħ			
	04								
	05								
				1	1	$\ $		\	
OVER 1,000m									
			OVER 10 K	NOTS		OVER ERCE	NT I	BC DECRE	TH EASIN

COMPUTER MET



COMPUTER MET MESSAGE For used this form, see PM 61s; the proposent againsy is TRADOC.										
IDENTIFI- CATION METCM	OCTANT Q	L _a L _a L _a LC	CATION Lolly Lo	DATE TIME (GMT) YY G,G,G		DURATION (HOURS) G	STATION HEIGHT (10's M) hhh	MDP PRESSURE % OF STD PPP		
METCM										
		ZONE VALUES								
ZONE HEIGHT (METERS)	LINE NUMBER zz	DIRE (10's	ND CTION MLS) dd	WIND SPEED (KNOTS) FFF		TEMPERAT (1/10°K) TTTT	URE F	PRESSURE (MILLIBARS) PPPP		
SURFACE	00									
200	01									
500	02									
1000	03									
1500	04									
2000	05									
2500	06									
3000	07									
3500	08									
4000	09									
4500	10									
5000	11									
6000	12									
7000	13									
8000	14									
9000	15									
10000	16									
11000	17									
12000	18									
13000	19									
14000	20									
15000	21									
16000	22									
17000	23									
18000	24									
19000	25									
20000	26									
FROM TO	DATE & TIME	DATE &	DATE & TIME (LST)							
MESSAGE NUMB	ER		RECORDER			CHECK	CHECKED			

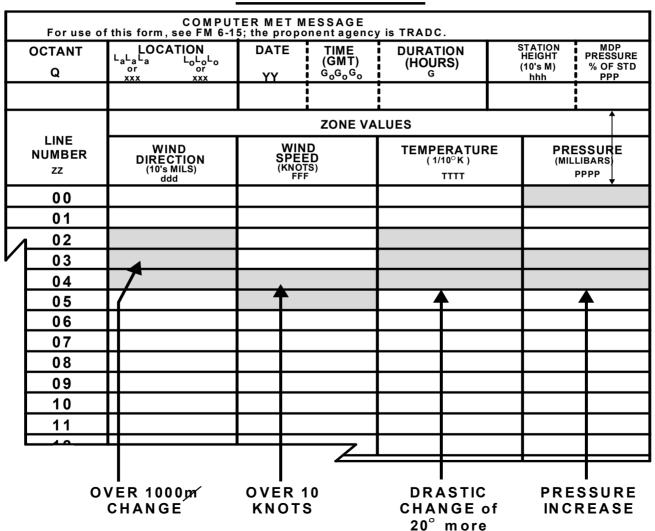
DAFORM 3677

REPLACES DA FORM 6-59, 1 MAR 62, WHICH IS OBSOLETE

U S A F A S

COMPUTER MET VALIDITY

CHECKS



U S A F A S



MET MESSAGE PREFERENCE

- CURRENT MET MESSAGE FROM A STATION WITHIN 20 KM OF MIDPOINT OF TRAJECTORY
- CURRENT MET MESSAGE FROM THE NEAREST STATION, UP TO 80 KM FROM THE TRAJECTORY'S MIDPOINT, AND LESS THAT 2 HOURS OLD

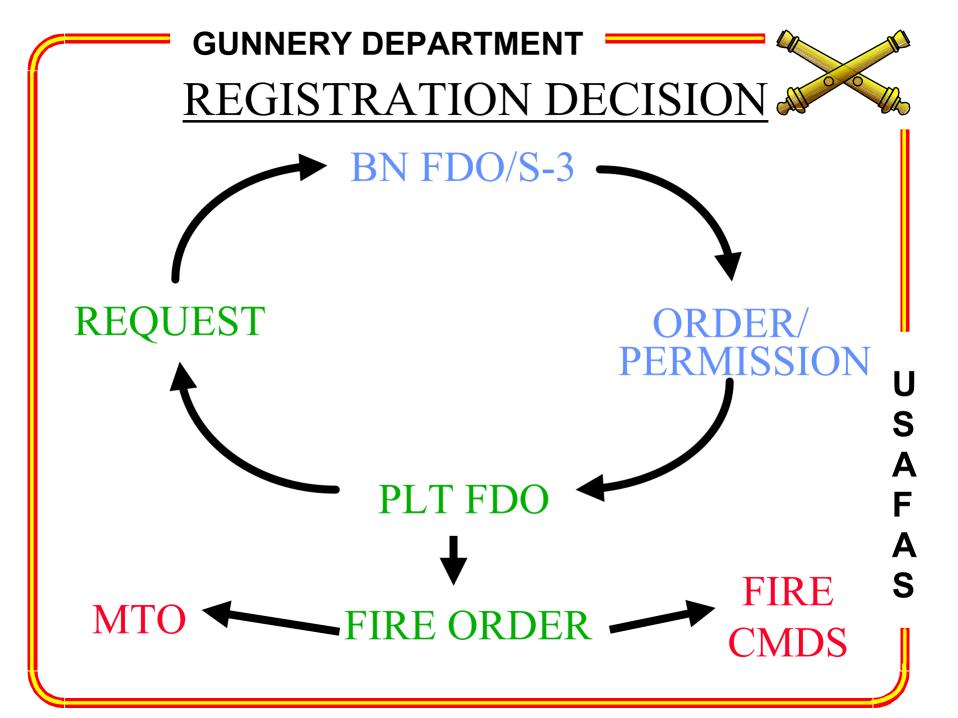


MET MESSAGE PREFERENCE

- MESSAGE OVER 2 HOURS OLD BUT FROM A STATION 20 KM FROM THE TRAJECTORY'S MIDPOINT
- MOUNTAINOUS TERRAIN 10 KM, DISTANCES REDUCED INLAND OF COASTAL AREAS AND LARGE BODIES OF WATER BY 25%
- 4 HR MET USED EXCEPT DURING TRANSITION FROM DAY TO NIGHT AND FRONTAL PASSAGE



REGISTRATIONS





REGISTRATION FIRE ORDER

- WHAT TYPE OF REGISTRATION
- WHERE IS THE REGISTRATION TO BE CONDUCTED, INCLUDING ALTITUDE AND HOB (IF APPROPRIATE)
- WITH WHOM, WHICH OBSERVER OR OBSERVERS
- WITH WHAT FIRE ORDER CONSIDERATIONS
 - REGISTERING HOWITZER
 - METHOD OF FIRE
 - AMMUNITION LOT
 - CHARGE
 - FUZES TO REGISTER
 - SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

SAFA





- A CLEARLY DEFINED KNOWN POINT
- 4 SPOTTINGS PER PHASE, Q & TI
- GOOD WEATHER AND VISIBILITY
- 10 15 ROUNDS AND 20 30 MINUTES

PRECISION REGISTRATION

- FDC INITIATES REG WITH A FIRE ORDER AND MTO
- OBSERVER IDENTIFIES
 KN PT AND TRANSMITS
 DIRECTION
- FDC DETERMINES INITIAL DATA AND FIRES INITIAL ROUND
- INITIAL ROUND DOES NOT BURST AT THE KNOWN POINT





SAFAS



GUN



OBS

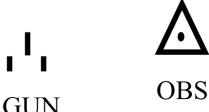
PRECISION REGISTRATION

- OBSERVER ADJUSTS TO THE KN PT
- OBS OBTAINS SPOTTINGS
 OF TWO OVERS AND TWO
 SHORTS WITH THE SAME
 DATA OR DATA 25 M
 APART, AND CORRECTS
 MBL TO THE KN PT
- OBS CORRECTS THE
 MEAN HOB OF 4 ROUNDS
 FIRED WITH THE SAME
 DATA TO 20 M ABOVE
 THE KNOWN POINT





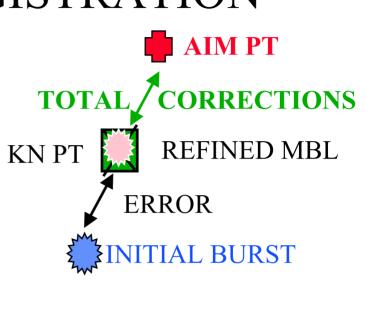






PRECISION REGISTRATION

- FDC DETERMINES THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE INITIAL DATA (SHD) AND THE FINAL DATA (DHD)TO THE KN PT
- THIS DIFFERENCE IS TOTAL CORRECTIONS, AND IS APPLIED IN THE FORM OF A GFT SETTING







OBS



REGISTRATION TRANSFER LIMITS

GUNNERY DEPARTMENT GFT SETTING APPLICATION



The TOTAL CORRECTIONS determined from a REGISTRATION are applied to a GFT based on the following criteria:

- Same Projectile Family as REG
- Same Propellant Lot as REG
- Same Charge as REG
- Same Angle of Fire as REG

U S A F A S

GUNNERY DEPARTMENT RANGE TRANSFER

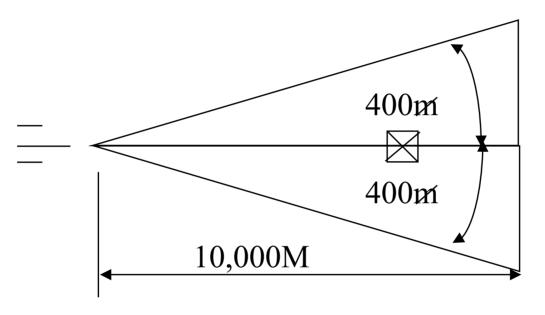


LIMITS

- THE RANGE TRANSFER LIMITS FOR A ONE-PLOT GFT SETTING ARE SHOWN ON THE GFT CORRESPONDING TO THE RED NUMBERED ELEVATIONS.
- THE RANGE TRANSFER LIMITS FOR A TWO-PLOT GFT SETTING ARE BETWEEN THE TWO RANGES USED TO APPLY THE GFT SETTING(S). (LESS ACCURATE OUTSIDE THESE TWO RANGES)
- THE RANGE TRANSFER LIMITS FOR A MULTIPLOT GFT SETTING ARE ELIMINATED WHEN 3 OR MORE SET OF CORRECTIONS ARE AVAILABLE FOR THE SAME CHARGE.

DEFLECTION TRANSFER LIMITS

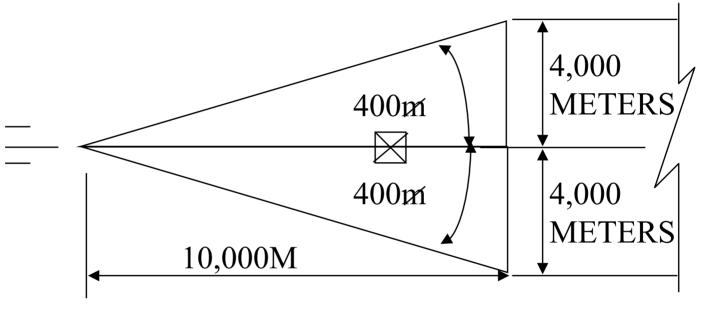




• WHEN THE CHART RANGE TO A TARGET IS 10,000 METERS OR LESS, THE TOTAL CORRECTIONS ARE VALID IN AN AREA 400 MILS LEFT AND RIGHT OF THE AZIMUTH TO THE KNOWN POINT.

DEFLECTION TRANSFER LIMITS





• WHEN THE CHART RANGE TO A TARGET IS 10,000 METERS OR MORE, THE TOTAL CORRECTIONS ARE VALID IN A CORRIDOR 4000 METERS LEFT AND RIGHT OF THE AZIMUTH TO THE REGISTRATION POINT

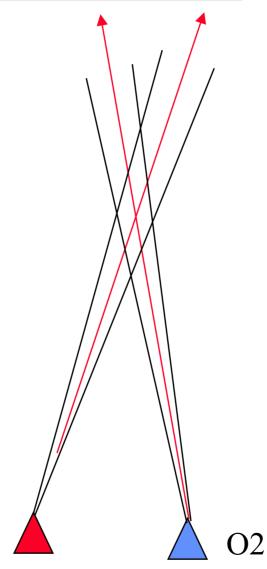
GUNNERY DEPARTMENT HIGH BURST/MPI REGISTRATION REQUIRES

- 2 SURVEYED OP'S
- ORIENTING POINT VISIBLE TO 2 OBSERVERS
- SIX USABLE ROUNDS
- EACH OBSERVER SPOTS FOR DIRECTION ON EACH ROUND, 1 SPOTS FOR VERTICAL ANGLE
- MUST MEET APEX ANGLE CRITERIA

EFFECT OF APEX ANGLE ON

01

ACCURACY

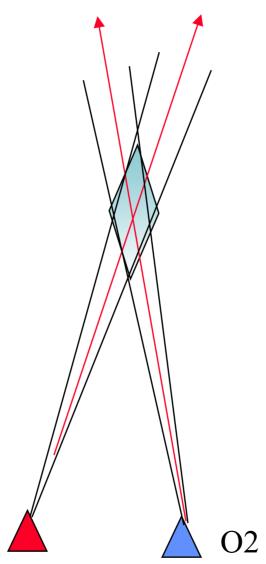






01

ACCURACY





U S A F A S

GUNNERY DEPARTMENT EFFECT OF APEX ANGLE ON **ACCURACY** 01

U S A F A S

APEX ANGLE CRITERIA

- MINIMUM APEX ANGLE 150 MILS
- ACCEPTABLE 150 TO 3050 MILS
- PREFERRED 300 TO 2900 MILS
- OPTIMUM 1067 MILS



SELECTION OF ORIENTING POINT

MPI

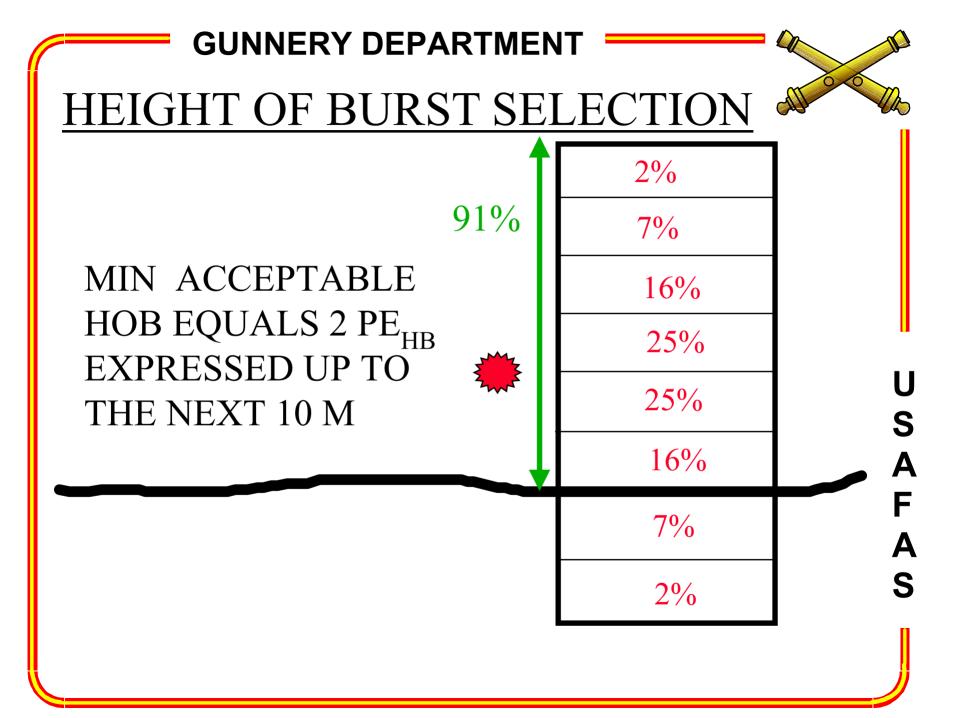
- MPI CLOSE TO CENTER OF ZONE OF ACTION
- MPI IN LEVEL AREA VISIBLE TO BOTH O1 & O2



SELECTION OF ORIENTING POINT

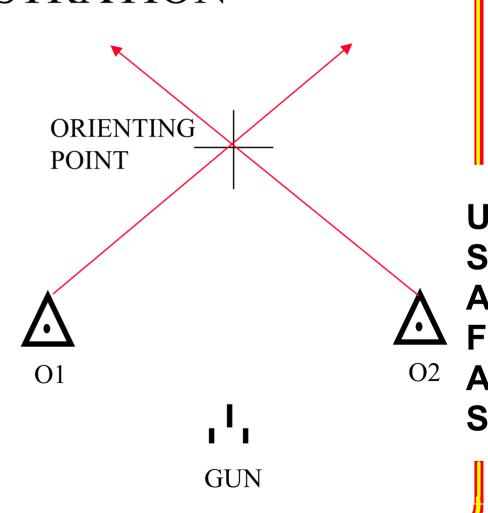
HIGH BURST

- HB OVER THE CENTER OF ZONE OF ACTION
- BURST HIGH ENOUGH TO BE VISIBLE TO 01 & 02
- BURST HIGH ENOUGH TO ENSURE AN AIRBURST



HIGH BURST/MPI REGISTRATION

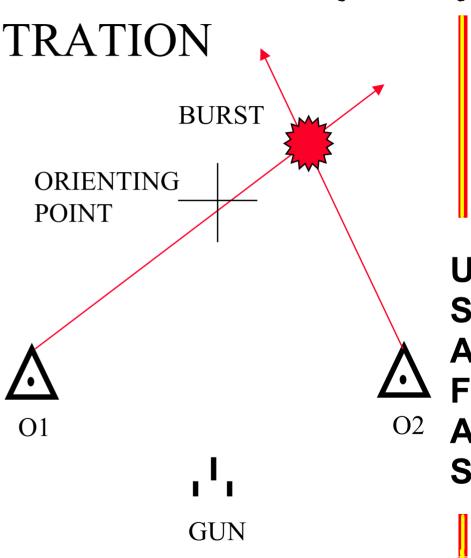
- FDC CHOOSES A
 CONVENIENT
 ORIENTING POINT
- FDC DETERMINES
 AND TRANSMITS
 ORIENTING DATA TO
 TWO SURVEYED
 OBSERVERS
- OBS REPORT WHEN READY TO OBSERVE



GUNNERY DEPARTMENT HIGH BURST/MPI

REGISTRATION

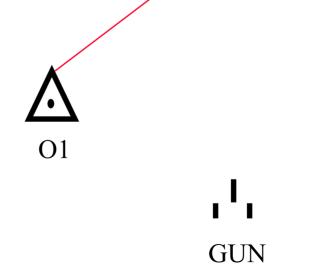
- FDC DETERMINES INITIAL DATA AND FIRES THE 1ST **ROUND**
- THE ROUND DOES NOT BURST AT THE ORIENTING POINT
- **OBS TRANSMIT** SPOTTINGS TO FDC -DIRECTION AND VA



HIGH BURST/MPI

REGISTRATION

- FDC FIRES REMAINING ROUNDS WITH THE SAME DATA (DHD)
- OBS TRANSMIT
 SPOTTINGS TO FDC DIRECTION AND VA
 FOR ALL ROUNDS
- FDC DETERMINES
 MEAN BURST
 LOCATION (MBL) BY
 AVERAGING ALL
 REASONABLE
 SPOTTINGS

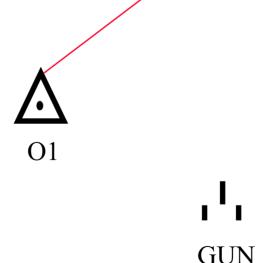




MBL

HIGH BURST/MPI REGISTRATION

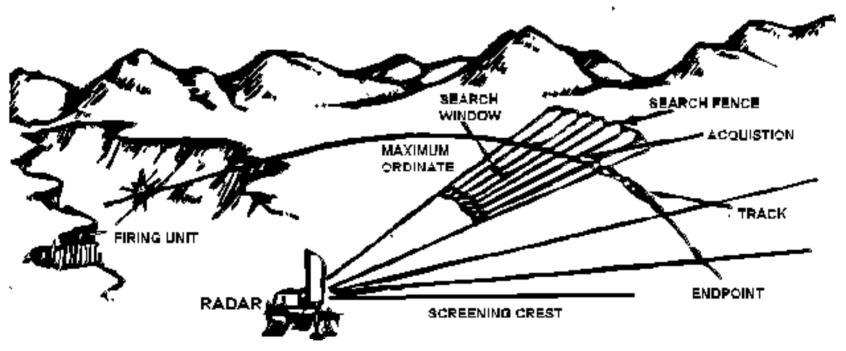
- FDC DETERMINES
 CHART DATA TO THE
 MBL (SHD)
- FDC DETERMINES
 DIFFERENCE
 BETWEEN DHD AND
 SHD THIS IS TOTAL
 CORRECTIONS
- TOTAL CORRECTIONS
 ARE THEN APPLIED IN
 THE FORM OF A GFT
 SETTING







RADAR MPI REGISTRATION



ABBREVIATED REGISTRATIONS



- ANY TYPE OF REGISTRATION CAN BE CONDUCTED AS AN ABBREVIATED REGISTRATION
- LESS THAN THE RECOMMENDED NUMBER OF ROUNDS ARE USED TO CONDUCT THE REGISTRATION
- TOTAL CORRECTIONS DERIVED HAVE A LESSER ASSURANCE OF VALIDITY
- PROCEDURES OFTEN BASED ON UNIT SOP